

**HAEF IB – FURTHER MATH HL  
TEST**

**CALCULUS**

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**Name:** \_\_\_\_\_

**Questions**

1. [Maximum mark: 5]

Find

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1 - x - 0.5x^2}{x^3}$$

[5 marks]

2. [Maximum mark: 15]

(a) Solve the differential equation

$$e^{-3x} \frac{dy}{dx} + ye^{-3x} \tan x = \cos x \quad \text{for } x \in \left[0, \frac{\pi}{2}\right[$$

[8 marks]

given that  $y = 1$  when  $x = 0$ . Give your answer in the form  $y = f(x)$ .

(b) Use Euler's method with a step length of  $h = 0.2$  to find an approximation to the value of  $y$  when  $x = 1$ .

[5 marks]

(c) Show that the error of the approximation found in question (b) is less than 0.3.

[2 marks]

3. [Maximum mark: 9]

Consider the differential equation  $\frac{dy}{dx} = \frac{(9x + y)(4x + y)}{x^2}$  for  $x > 0$ , given that  $y = 1$

when  $x = 1$ .

(a) Show that this can be written in the form  $\frac{dy}{dx} = f\left(\frac{y}{x}\right)$ .

[1 mark]

(b) Hence solve the equation, giving the answer in the form  $y = f(x)$ .

[8 marks]

4. [Maximum mark: 7]

Determine the convergence or divergence of the following series:

(a)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{2n+1}{3n+4}$ . [2 marks]

(b)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(2n)!}{(n!)^2}$ . [5 marks]

5. [Maximum mark: 15]

(a) Show that  $\int_1^{\infty} xe^{-x} dx = \frac{2}{e}$ . [7 marks]

(b) Determine the convergence or divergence of the following series:

(i)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n}{e^n}$ . [3 marks]

(ii)  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{n^2}{(2n+1)e^n}$ , by using the limit comparison test. [5 marks]

6. [Maximum mark: 9]

Consider the infinite series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(0.4)^n}{n} x^n$

(a) Find the **radius** of convergence. [4 marks]

(b) Find the **interval** of convergence. [3 marks]

(c) **Hence** find the interval of convergence of the power series  $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{(0.4)^n}{n} (x-3)^n$ . [2 marks]