

HAEF IB – FURTHER MATH HL

TEST 2

LINEAR ALGEBRA

by Christos Nikolaidis

Name: _____

Date: _____

Marks: ____/100

Grade: _____

Questions

1. [maximum mark: 6]

$$\text{Let } V = \left\{ \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ 0 \\ \frac{x+2y}{3} \end{pmatrix} : x, y \in R \right\}.$$

(a) Show that V is a subspace of R^4 .

[4 marks]

(b) Find a basis of V and state its dimension.

[2 marks]

2. [maximum mark: 6]

Show that

(a) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} -5 \\ 13 \end{pmatrix}$ are linearly dependent vectors (by using the definition)

[3 marks]

(b) $\begin{pmatrix} 2 \\ 5 \end{pmatrix}, \begin{pmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$ form a basis for R^2 .

[3 marks]

3. [maximum mark: 7]

Let u, v be two vectors in R^n . Show that

(a) $u, v, 0$ are linearly dependent (by using the definition)

[2 marks]

(b) $u + v$ and $u - v$ are linearly independent **if and only if** u and v are linearly independent

[5 marks]

4. [maximum mark: 6]

(a) If U and V are subspaces of R^n show that $U \cap V$ is also a subspace of R^n .

[4 marks]

(b) By selecting appropriate subspaces U and V of R^2 show $U \cup V$ is not necessarily a subspace of R^2 .

[2 marks]

5. [maximum mark: 13]

Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{pmatrix}$ be a 2x2 matrix.

(a) Show that the characteristic polynomial is $P(\lambda) = \lambda^2 - (a + d)\lambda + \det A$ [2 marks]

(b) Show that the matrix A is a root of the corresponding matrix polynomial, that is $P(A) = A^2 - (a + d)A + (\det A)I = 0$ (**Cayley–Hamilton theorem**) [4 marks]

Let now $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 \end{pmatrix}$

(c) Use result (b) in order to express A^2 as a linear combination of A and I . [2 marks]

(d) Express A^{-1} in terms of A and I only. [2 marks]

(e) Express A^3 in terms of A and I only [3 marks]

6. [maximum mark: 14]

Let $A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 5 \\ 1 & 2 & a \end{pmatrix}$

(a) Find the row rank of A . [3 marks]

(b) State the column rank of A . [1 mark]

(c) Describe the row space of A , in terms of a basis. [3 marks]

(d) Describe the column space when $a = 6$. [2 marks]

(e) Find the dimension of the null space of A and **hence** the null space. [3 marks]

(f) Find the dimension of the null space of A^T . [2 marks]

7. [maximum mark: 6]

Let W be a subspace of R^n . Show that

v_1, v_2, v_3 form a basis for W (i.e. v_1, v_2, v_3 are linearly independent and span W).

if and only if

any vector in W can be expressed **uniquely** as a linear combination of v_1, v_2, v_3

8. [maximum mark: 9]

$$\text{Let } T : R^3 \rightarrow R^2 \text{ given by } T \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \\ z \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} z \\ 2x \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) Show that T is a linear transformation [3 marks]
(b) Find the kernel of T . [2 marks]
(c) Write down the range of T . [2 marks]
(d) Find the standard matrix corresponding to T [2 marks]

9. [maximum mark: 13]

Let $T : R^n \rightarrow R^m$ a linear transformation, where $\mathbf{0}_n$ and $\mathbf{0}_m$ are the corresponding zero vectors

- (a) Show $T(\mathbf{0}_n) = \mathbf{0}_m$ [3 marks]
(b) Show that the kernel, $\ker T$, of the transformation is a subspace of R^n . [5 marks]
(c) Show that T is one-to-one if and only if $\ker T = \{\mathbf{0}_n\}$. [5 marks]

10. [maximum mark: 5]

$$\text{Let } T : R^2 \rightarrow R^2 \text{ be a linear transformation given by } T \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x + 2y \\ 3x + 4y \end{pmatrix}$$

Find the image of the straight line $y = 2x$.

11. [maximum mark: 15]

$$\text{Let } A = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 4 & 0 \end{pmatrix}.$$

- (a) Show that $A^2 = 4I$ and hence find formulas for
(i) A^{2k} (even powers)
(ii) A^{2k+1} (odd powers) [4 marks]

(b) Diagonalise the matrix A by using its eigenvalues and **hence** show that

$$A^n = 2^{n-2} \begin{pmatrix} 2[1 + (-1)^n] & 1 - (-1)^n \\ 4[1 - (-1)^n] & 2[1 + (-1)^n] \end{pmatrix} \quad [8 \text{ marks}]$$

- (c) Confirm that (a) and (b) give the same result for A^{2017} [3 marks]